

THE WEATHER
Tonight and Saturday Fair

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS	
Silver	91 7/8
Copper	23 1/2
Lead	6 1/2
Quicksilver	91.00

HUNS PREPARING TO MAKE GREATEST EFFORT

Entente Concentrating Airplanes on the Western Front

ALLIES PREPARE TO REPEL FINAL EFFORT OF GERMAN OFFENSIVE

Forces of Airmen That Have Been Gathered Largest in History of War

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, April 5.—The Daily News correspondent says concerning the air fighting along the western front that the concentration of airplanes is the greatest in the history of the present war. In one sector there were 300 machines in the air at one time. The use of machine guns on the enemy troops and the transporting of guns by low flying machines have been carried to a point beyond anything attempted. He said that the American aviators with the British are numerous and brilliant and that American aviation mechanics had rendered splendid aid.

BRITISH HOLD HUNS UNDER HEAVY FIRE

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, April 5.—The British have been pressed back for a short distance on the front east of Amiens. The Germans hurled large bodies of troops against the British between late and the Somme, making repeated assaults and they concentrated troops near Albert early today. The British artillery took them under fire. There was active shelling during the night in the neighborhood of Buequoy and the Somme valley.

GERMANS CONTINUE ATTACKS AT NIGHT

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, April 5.—The Germans continued their attacks during the night. Despite the superiority of their effective, which were spent recklessly, the Germans were unable to reach their objectives which are the railway from Amiens to Clermont. The French maintained their line in its entirety and captured a great part of the Epinette wood, north of Orville. The German's efforts to dislodge the French were futile.

URGED TO PLEDGE THEMSELVES TO CAUSE

(By Associated Press.)
SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 5.—The governor has issued a proclamation urging the people of California to "Take time tomorrow, the anniversary of America's entrance into the war, to pledge ourselves anew to the cause for which we are fighting."

EXPRESS THANKS FOR WHEAT SENT THEM

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Cable messages expressing the gratitude of the French, British and Italian governments for the willingness of the American people to reduce their wheat consumption in order that the allies and the soldiers may be fed, were received by the food administration yesterday from the food ministers of the allied countries. The messages were in response to one sent from here last Friday announcing the action of 500 leading hotel men in pledging their establishments to cut wheat off their menus until the next harvest.

TRADING WITH HUNS COSTLY TO RUSSIANS

(By Associated Press.)
AMSTERDAM, April 5.—The effect of the trading agreement with the Russian soldiers were noticeable in the fur sales at the annual fur auctions in Leipzig on February 6 and 7. According to German reports all grade of Russian furs were sold at prices about 25 per cent cheaper than last year.

HENEY WILL MAKE RUN FOR GOVERNOR

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—Charles Detrick, formerly secretary of the state railroad commission, has been appointed personal manager of Francis Heney's gubernatorial campaign. Mrs. Heney has arrived and announced plans to organize a woman's non-partisan Heney league.

GOES TO FUNERAL

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, Thursday, April 4.—General Pershing has sent Brigadier General Lewis, commander of American troops in Paris, to represent him personally at the funeral services of four American women killed by the German bombardment of the church.

WILL SPEED UP THE PROGRAM OF SHIPBUILDING

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—To speed up the shipbuilding program the war industries board yesterday issued orders to steel mills and fabricating plants to make 100 per cent deliveries on all orders for steel ship plates from the emergency fleet corporation. This will give priority to these orders over all others, and supplements recent orders to the mills to turn out no plates for commercial purposes.

The action of the board followed complaints made before the senate commerce committee by George J. Baldwin, chairman of the board of the American International Shipbuilding corporation, which is building fabricated ships at Hog Island, Pa., that his yard and some others are short of ship steel.

At the war industries board it was said that there was no general shortage of ship steel but it was conceded that shortages probably existed at some individual yards. During the last three months, officials of the board asserted, sufficient steel to build ships at the rate of more than 6,000,000 tons a year has been turned out for the fleet corporation alone.

Further assurances were given the shipping board yesterday by the war industries board that if detailed information on the requirements of individual shipyards is furnished, all the needs of the yards will be promptly met. Shipping board officials expressed confidence in the ability of the war industries board to make deliveries but nevertheless Senator Fletcher of Florida, chairman of the senate committee, and Chairman Hurley of the shipping board made arrangements to see President Wilson today and lay the situation before him. Senator Fletcher was directed by the committee Wednesday to seek the engagement. In view of yesterday's order of the war industries board, it was not believed that the President would take any action.

SHIPPING LOSSES LARGE

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Norway's shipping losses through German submarine ruthlessness and other war operations amounted to 34,000 tons, according to the Norwegian legation. Forty-four seamen were lost and twenty are missing.

COST OF WAR TO GOVERNMENT FOR YEAR IS 9 BILLION DOLLARS

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Nine billion dollars is the approximate cost to the United States of one year of war. More than one-half has gone into loans to allies and will be repaid eventually; over one-third has been spent for the army and military establishment; one-tenth for the navy and one-fifteenth for shipbuilding.

Just one-sixth of this big war cost has been raised by taxation and other ordinary sources of revenue and the balance has come from sale of Liberty bonds and certificates of indebtedness.

Enormous as these war expenditures may seem to a country whose government in peace times cost between \$700,000,000 and \$800,000,000, they are less than Great Britain's and are only about two-thirds of estimates made by officials less than a year ago. Slow progress of the shipbuilding program and the retarding of the outpouring of war supplies, are regarded by officials as the chief reason why expenses did not equal estimates.

About \$3,200,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness are now outstanding.

OVERCOME POLICE; LYNCH PRO-GERMAN

(By Associated Press.)
COLLINSVILLE, Ill., April 5.—Robert Prager, an alleged disloyalist, prayed in German three minutes before he was hung to a tree last night, according to members of the lynching party. The mob overpowered the police force and took Prager from the city hall.

Officials plainly indicated that they deplored the lynching, because of its effect on the United States and the fear that reprisals will be made in Germany on Americans.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—The attorney-general took the report of the Prager lynching to a cabinet meeting. It is expected the government will denounce the mob's act.

Prager wrote his parents in Dresden, Germany, before he was hung asking for their prayers. A "proclamation" declaring his loyalty to the United States and a union labor card was found in his pocket. Maryville miners were incensed yesterday when Prager placed placards proclaiming his loyalty to the government.

(By Associated Press.)
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 5.—Governor Lowden has called a conference of the attorney general and the assistant attorney general. The attorney general said he would strenuously endeavor to identify the members of the mob that hanged Prager. None were found today who could repeat Prager's alleged disloyal remarks. Although a crowd witnessed the incident apparently only a few participated in the rushing of the city hall and the removal of Prager.

HUNS OCCUPY EKES

(By Associated Press.)
PETROGRAD, Thursday, April 4.—Germans have occupied Eknes in Finland. Russian warships were powerless to prevent the entry of the Germans into the Hango harbor.

The sailors sank three ships to prevent their capture. The commander of the Baltic fleet protested against the German entry as a violation of the Brest Litovsk peace treaty which guaranteed the security of the Russian fleet.

FIRST MILITARY EXECUTION

(By Associated Press.)
HOUSTON, Tex., April 5.—The first military execution was held at Camp Logan when John Mann and Walter Matthews, negro privates, were executed for the murder of Private Foley, who was their guard.

ORDERS VALUATION OF TELEGRAPH COMPANIES

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—The Interstate Commerce Commission has ordered a general investigation of freight rates of petroleum and petroleum products, because of wide differences in amounts and percentages and recent rate increases sought by the railroads. The commission ordered an investigation of the physical valuation and financial conditions of the properties of forty-five telegraph and cable companies similar to the valuation proceedings of railroads under way several years ago. It is understood that the purpose is to enable the commission to decide the rate questions. The Western Union was not included.

CONFESSES KILLING OF NIGHT WATCHMAN

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Will Clements, a negro janitor employed at the offices of the committee on public information, confessed last night that he shot James King, a watchman, at the committee's headquarters who was found dead at his post early yesterday morning. Clements, located after an all day search, told the police that he and King had an argument when he reported for work and that shot in self-defense after the watchman had drawn a pistol. King's cartridges failed to explode.

OIL STOCK GETS PROMOTER IN BAD

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, April 5.—Charles Secore, vice-president and alleged organizer of the Utah Petroleum company, with offices in the city, was arrested yesterday on a charge of larceny preferred by the secretary of the company. The accused man is alleged to have misappropriated 25,000 shares of the stock of the company, according to the assistant district attorney who has been conducting an investigation of alleged fraudulent stock operations.

A number of business men were induced to become directors of the company and were given 50,000 shares of stock each, the district attorney said. Some of the men, he stated, endeavored to sever their connection with the concern last fall.

ISSUES CALL FOR 400 PHOTOGRAPHERS

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—The provost marshal general has sent fifteen states a call for 400 photographers of the draft age to mobilize at Madison Barracks, New York, on April 15. They will be assigned to air service. If not enough volunteer some will be inducted into the service. A call also was issued for six states east of the Rockies to furnish twenty-eight and twenty-five registrants for two months for corps of automobile driving, repairing and other mechanical work.

HOLD UP BOMBARDMENT

(By Associated Press.)
AMSTERDAM, Thursday, April 4.—The Berlin official statement says that the bombardment of Paris was suspended on Wednesday because of the funeral of the councillor of the Swiss legation in Paris. Councillor Strupeln was killed when a shell struck the church of Good Friday. Germany has already expressed regret to the Swiss foreign office. The Paris dispatches on Wednesday showed the bombardment in progress on Wednesday morning.

GERMANS LAUNCH FRESH ASSAULTS AGAINST ALLIES LINE IN PICARDY

Will Make Another Effort to Force Apart Armies of British and French

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Renewal of the German assaults against the British and French lines in Picardy yesterday indicated to military observers here that the Germans, having gathered strength during the lull of the last few days, might now be ready to launch their greatest effort. Some officers think the allied commanders realize that only the first phase of the Germanic battle has passed, and that this probably accounts for the fact that no extensive counter movement has been undertaken as yet.

It is pointed out that the previous record of the German high command argues against any possibility that it would be content with the minor strategic advantages already gained by their costly enterprise, or with the abandonment of its plans without further attempts to force apart the French and British armies. The battle of Verdun continued for months before the Germans admitted that their object was unattainable.

Under the new publicity policy, the war department has nothing to add to reports from abroad as to the situation at the front. Casualty lists from France again were withheld. Major General March, acting chief of staff, said he had cabled Secretary Baker for specific instructions in this regard.

Publication of the new censorship rules promulgated by General Pershing caused considerable comment. On the face of those regulations, it was plain that the public is to hear very little of what American troops are doing until long after the fact. The official communiques will be the only source of information from the actual front.

A new interpretation was placed yesterday on the appointment of General Foch as supreme commander of all allied and American forces in France. The plan for a generalissimo, it was stated, had been approved long ago by the supreme war council but it was not regarded as urgent that the appointment should be made at once until the big offensive started.

The French captured Stalman farm southeast of Grivesnes and held it against all assaults. They withdrew in the north to West Castle. They threw back the Germans from Arriere, Cour wood, West Malty and Rameval.

EXPECT AUSTRIANS TO START DRIVE

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Indications that the Austrians are waiting only for favorable weather to launch another attack upon the Italian front, were reported yesterday in an official dispatch from Rome.

"Some military critics," says the dispatch, "are of the opinion that Austria intends to wait the results of the offensive in France before undertaking to deliver the blow against Italy but great preparations are carried on by the Austrians without interruption and all the forces formerly operating in Rumania under Mackensen have now been placed at our front."

"Italian aviators report that the Austrians are transferring large bodies of troops from the Piave line to the mountain zones. Evidently the Austrian commands have realized the impossibility of breaking through the Italian resistance along the Piave and regard the mountain line more suited for the invasion of Italy."

"Late the Austrians have undertaken the construction of new fortifications along the Livenza and the Tagliamento rivers, adopting a new system consisting of points of support with several bridgeheads, employing in this work Italian prisoners and the civil population of the invaded Italian provinces."

GERMAN PAPERS COMMENT ON SPEECH

(By Associated Press.)
AMSTERDAM, April 5.—The German papers comment on Count Czernin's speech in contradictory terms. The Berlin Goerens Courier says Count Czernin evidently does not think that the offensive on the western front has paralyzed the possibility of an understanding.

The Deutsch Tages Zeitung attacks the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister for "his weak plaudity."

The Lokal Anzeiger says: "Berlin will be particularly glad to hear of the manner in which Count Czernin rejected the peace offer of Clemenceau."

WOULD FREE RYAN

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Investigators for President Wilson have recommended the immediate commutation of the sentence of Frank Ryan, formerly president of the International Ironworkers Union, who is serving seven years in Leavenworth, Kas., for conviction in the dynamiting case.

BUTLER THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

Return of Beautiful
ETHEL CLAYTON
in
"EASY MONEY"
Listen! Do you love your husbands? See this picture and learn reason for this strange marriage.
Also
DORIS KENYON
in
"THE HIDDEN HAND"
Who will secure the explosive packet? Who is the rightful heir?
TOMORROW
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in
"AN AMERICAN WIDOW"
POLLY MORAN
in a
MACK BENNETT COMEDY